

**WHAT I CLAIM IS :**

1 - A device for automatically recognizing the voice  
of a speaker authorized to access an application, said  
device comprising means for generating beforehand, during  
5 a learning phase, parameters of an acceptance voice model  
relative to a voice segment spoken by said authorized  
speaker and parameters of a rejection voice model, means  
for normalizing by means of normalization parameters a  
10 speaker verification score depending on the likelihood  
ratio between a voice segment to be tested and said  
acceptance model and rejection model thereby driving a  
normalized verification score, and means for comparing  
said normalized verification score to a first threshold  
15 in order to authorize access to the application by the  
speaker who spoke said voice segment to be tested only if  
the normalized verification score is at least as high as  
the first threshold, and means for updating at least one  
of said normalization parameters as a function of a  
20 preceding value of said one normalization parameter and  
the speaker verification score on each voice segment test  
only if the normalized verification score is at least  
equal to a second threshold that is at least equal to  
said first threshold.

25

2 - A device according to claim 1, wherein said  
normalization parameter updated is representative of a  
statistical mean value of the speaker verification  
score.

30

3 - A device according to claim 2, wherein said

statistical mean value  $\tilde{\mu}_\lambda$  of the speaker verification score  $S_V$  is updated in accordance with the following relationship:

$$\tilde{\mu}_\lambda \equiv (1 - \tau_\mu) \tilde{\mu}_\lambda + \tau_\mu \cdot S_V$$

5 in which  $\tau_\mu$  is a predetermined adaptation factor.

4 - A device according to claim 3, wherein said predetermined adaptation factor  $\tau_\mu$  varies as a function of the number of normalization parameter updates.

10

5 - A device according to claim 1, wherein the parameter updated is representative of the standard deviation of said speaker verification score.

15

6 - A device according to claim 5, wherein said standard deviation  $\tilde{\sigma}_\lambda$  of the speaker verification score  $S_V$  is updated in accordance with the following relationship:

$$\tilde{\sigma}_\lambda \equiv \sqrt{(1 - \tau_\sigma) \tilde{\sigma}_\lambda^2 + \tau_\sigma (S_V - \tilde{\mu}_\lambda)^2}$$

20 in which  $\tau_\sigma$  is a predetermined adaptation factor.

7 - A device according to claim 6, wherein said predetermined adaptation factor  $\tau_\sigma$  varies as a function of the number of normalization parameter updates.

25

8 - A device according to claim 1, comprising means for updating at least one of said parameters of said acceptance voice model as a function of a preceding value of said model parameter only if the normalized verification score is at least equal to said second

threshold.

9 - A device according to claim 8, wherein said model parameter  $m$  is updated in accordance with the  
5 following equation:

$$m = \frac{N_{AP}m_{AP} + N_{adapt}m_{adapt}}{N_{AP} + N_{adapt}}$$

in which  $m_{AP}$  and  $N_{AP}$  respectively denote a mean value of  
10 Gaussian distribution of probability density of said model parameter  $m$  during said learning phase and the number of frames in voice segments used to estimate mean values of Gaussian distributions relative to said acceptance model and rejection model,  $m_{adapt}$  denotes a  
15 mean value of Gaussian distribution of probability density of said model parameter  $m$  determined during the update that has just been effected, and  $N_{adapt}$  denotes the number of frames used to estimate a mean value of the Gaussian distribution of said model parameter  $m$  for said  
20 update that has just been effected.

10 - A device according to claim 1, wherein said normalized verification score  $S_N$  is determined as a function of said speaker verification score  $S_V$  and two updated normalization parameters  $\tilde{\mu}_\lambda$  and  $\tilde{\sigma}_\lambda$ , in  
25 accordance with the following equation:

$$S_N = \frac{S_V - \tilde{\mu}_\lambda}{\tilde{\sigma}_\lambda},$$

in which said parameters  $\tilde{\mu}_\lambda$  and  $\tilde{\sigma}_\lambda$  are respectively the statistical mean value and the standard deviation of said

speaker verification score.